Innovation in Monitoring

Matthew O'Hare¹, Nathan Critchlow-Watton²

¹NERC Centre for Ecology & Hydrology, UK ²SEPA, Scotland





Why do we monitor?

Surveillance (representative sites)

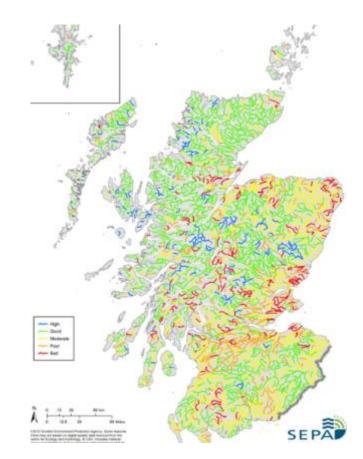
- Change through time
- Assess state

Operational (sites at risk of failing)

- Change along gradients
- Assess state
- What is the impact of specific pressures?

Investigative (cause of degradation unknown)

- Experimental



Broad socio-economic indicators (e.g. demographic changes, Scottish Government development priorities etc.)

Wider evidence gathering (patterns of chemical use etc.)

Modelling and data analysis (GIS, IoT etc.)

> Remote sensing (satellites, UAVs etc.)

> > Citizen science

Rapid assessments

"WFD"

mon



Decision making

- Can innovative monitoring save money and provide better data?
- What evidence do you need to make better, faster decisions?
- Can we use monitoring data to provide predictions which improve management?

